## Algebra

*Although algebraic notation is not introduced until Y6, algebraic thinking starts much earlier as exemplified by missing number objectives.

| EQUATIONS |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as $7=$ ? ? ? 9 | recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and missing number problems. | solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction. <br> solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including integer scaling |  | use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles | express missing number problems algebraically |


|  | recall and use <br> addition and <br> subtraction facts to <br> 20 fluently, and <br> derive and use <br> related facts up to <br> 100 |  | find pairs of <br> numbers that <br> satisfy number <br> sentences <br> involving two <br> unknown |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| represent and use <br> number bonds and <br> related subtraction <br> facts within 20 |  |  | enumerate all <br> possibilities of <br> combinations of two <br> variables |  |  |


| FORMULAE |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
|  |  |  | Perimeter can be expressed |  | use simple formulae |
|  |  |  | $+b)$ where $a$ and $b$ are the dimensions in the same unit. |  | recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes (copied from Measurement) |


| sequence events in <br> chronological order <br> using language <br> such as: before <br> and after, next, first, <br> today, yesterday, <br> tomorrow, morning, <br> afternoon and <br> evening | compare and <br> sequence <br> intervals of time | order and arrange <br> combinations of <br> mathematical <br> objects in patterns |  | generate and <br> describe linear <br> number sequences |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
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